There is been an opposition. lopment of industries which create nflux of adult population; but the in the production of food stuffs sed in the same manner. Morenterprise has been hampered by he Dutch vote controls the Legis-10 Dutch system still prevails in t suits the Boer better to grow a gh price. Under the Boers, the wing district of Malmesbury has oruin; and with a frantic effort rices, the Dutch vote has forced the country. The land has been pped with wheat, and forced by tions of guano, till there is no it. Even worse than the grain is attle. Cattle diseases appear to in the early days of most cattle they have been resolutely met ut. The Cape had been engaged le for the last two hundred years, ave multiplied and become more 10 Boer looks upon disease as a ne Providence, which it would be roid. The Kaffirs have not been ost rudimentary practices for comlifficulty, although, owing to their ntelligence, it is really easier to than a Boer. Cattle diseases may rempant throughout South Africa. their names are legion and their it is only of late years that they ipproached by properly qual fied regions, appoint d by the Cape These men, backed by Scotch and

iers, have collected some valuable d so far Science must be said to the field at last, with excellent

is the first desideratum in Africa. trol of the water, and its value is a land of unlimited sunshine. ge schemes afloat for which Governire likely to be requisitioned, such as he Orange River; but private enterthe way as in the Karoo, by proving success obtained by placing water

y worthless land.

plony and the Boer Republics the e to a farmer is the price of land, Cape is accentuated by the ex-lition of the soil. The sale of land he Government land—by public much to answer for. The Boers are ith land hunger, which induces up prices far above the real value. the money by mortgage, and squat alterwards without a penny left to elopment.

as the present pressing trouble is sia will offer the best field for the er. He can buy land there reasonably. have round him English and ers, who will combine with him to agues of cattle diseases and locusts ombination in a thinly populated lighly necessary. Local markets are wided, and there is every reason to they will increase. The completion mys will ensure the disposal of surplus ally, the government of Rhodesia has earnest of its unalterable intention g the country upon British lines me time, there can be no doubt that

is spent in Cape Colony would teach many things. He would learn id. He would see the evil effects of tracts of unfenced land (as in the zed territory of Bechuanaland), e can roam, picking up and distribut-He would see how want of irriga-

remarked that this trame was carried on in former years, and a severe penalty had to be enforced to put a stop to it.

Mr Hickson-There is power to impose a penalty of £20 or three months' imprisonment. It is a nefarious trade. The woman is fined £3 and 15s costs, and Finucane 40s and 15s costs, or the alternative imprisonment in each

STEALING A SHIRT.

Corneilus McCarthy, Cappemore, charged by Constable Mallon with the larceny of a shirt from Mr Parker's pawn office, was ordered to be imprisoned for seven days

FATAL ASSAULT AT A FUNERAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Mr Coroner McDonnell held an adjourned in. quest on Wednesday, at Pallaskenry Courthouse touching the death of James Madigan, 82 years of age, who succumbed to injuries alleged to have been inflicted on him during a dispute over a grave.
District-Inspector Gamble conducted the pro-

ceedings on behalf of the Crown.

Bridget Fitzgerald, of Ballinacarriga, deposed that on the 30th of April she attended a funeral at Mellon churchyard; she saw the deceased there; he was quartelling with his two nephews, Pat and James Madigan, about a grave; she saw him on the ground, but did not see him shoved or struck; while he was lying on the ground she heard him say "Oh, my side."

Patrick Murphy deposed that he remembered the 30th of April; he attended the funeral of a child of James Madigan, of Carheeny; he was helping to make the grave; the deceased and his nephews, Pat and James Madigan, were arguing about a grave ; he saw Patrick Madigan give the deceased man a tip of his hand, and he staggered and fell; he comp sined of his side having been hurt; he saw him lifted up by some person.

By a Juror - He could not say whether it was

the tip he get or a trip that knocked him.

William Fitzgibbon deposed that he was present when the deceased and his nephews were arguing about the grave; he saw Parick Madigan shove the old man with his hand, and he tell immediately; he complained of his side or ribs being hurt; he saw him lifted off the ground; he welked with his daughter as far as witness's house, which is about a quarter of a mile from the graveyard; the ground is very rugged; he could not say whether it was a shove or a trip that knocked him; he was taken home from the house in a donkey's eart.

Dr Hannigan deposed that he attended the deceased man on the 30th of April; he treated him for fractured ribs; he saw him next day; the man died on the 4th May; he made a post mortem examination of the body to-day, assisted by Dr Hayes, of Rathkeale; he found three ribs broken on the right side, and a laceration of the right lung; the immediate cause of death was pneumonia; a tall would cause the injury.

Dr Hayes corroborated the evidence of the last witness, and the jury returned the following verdict:—"We find that James Madigan, of Ballinacarriga, aged 82 years, died at his resi-dence on the 4th May, 1896, from the effects of pneumonia, caused by laceration of the right lung, said laceration being caused by a fall accidentally received in Mellon Churchyard on 30th Apr.l, 1896."

Patrick Madigan, who is charged with assaulting the deceased, surrendered himself to Sergeant Linnane on Thursday. He was brought before Mr Waller, J.P., D.L., and remanded to Petty

Sessions on the 21st inst.

serven every anune from one all the good she did for the po few years ago, and the Infirmar every support. It was remarkab and the Surgeon and those in served to be supported, but would create a precedent if the the Hall, and then everyone wou it free of charge.

Chairman-I think it has a

for charitable purposes.

Mr Scantau-I am not awar it for a charitable purpose. A Crows should receive every cons hands. She has done a great de of Ennis, and takes a special infirmary, and last year she n thirty count-rpanes to the in siderable cost to herself. I thin her our very best thanks for th making.

Mr Linnane-Of course you objecting. I agree with Mr S thing he has said with regard to

Mr Scanlan observed that ve barked in the interests of suffer.

Mr Costello proposed that th free of charge.

Mr Macnawara seconded th animously passed.

The routine business having the Board adjourned.

GREAT FIRE IN KI

On Thursday evening at five discovered in the building y Ronan, contractor. Vandeleur s' in a short space of time the pre ta ned a very large stock of materials incidental to the trad guited. Two dwelling-houses James Leahy and Mrs O'Shei the shed, shared a similar fate. ing to Mr Ronan was also The crigin of the fire is unestimate of the damage cann Having regard to the nat carried on by Mr Ronan, i gauged that the fire fiend had struction. It was feared for s that the dwelling houses fro yard would be destroyed, as with frightful rapidity, but ha exertions of the members of th by several other willing hands averted as the connections wer that part of the shed deluged scene of the wildest excitment town not possessing a fireengin appliances for putting out fir coping with the conflagration primative character. Great is against the Commissioners of withstanding the many fires w break out in the locality from not yet taken plactical steps a fire-engine or water supply. have broken out at night, I would have been lost ar would have destroyed. The damages is and it is stated Mr Rona: propersy insured.

THE CLARE M

The Clare Artillery will or bodied for the annual trainin the corps will be conveyed by town, the training takes pla